## TOWN OF THORSBY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2024

#### **CONTENTS**

Management's Responsibility for Financial Reporting	1
Independent Auditor's Report	2 - 3
Statement of Financial Position	4
Statement of Operations	5
Statement of Changes in Net Financial Debt	6
Statement of Cash Flows	7
Schedule 1 - Changes in Accumulated Surplus	8
Schedule 2 - Tangible Capital Assets	9
Schedule 3 - Property Taxes Levied	10
Schedule 4 - Government Transfers	10
Schedule 5 - Segmented Information	11
Notes to the Financial Statements	12 - 21

#### MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

To the Mayor and Council of the Town of Thorsby

The accompanying financial statements of the Town of Thorsby are the responsibility of management and have been approved by Council.

Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the accompanying financial statements, including responsibility for significant accounting judgments and estimates in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards. This responsibility includes selecting appropriate accounting principles and methods, and making decisions affecting the measurement of transactions in which objective judgment is required.

In fulfilling its responsibilities for the integrity and fairness of the financial statements, management designs and maintains the necessary accounting systems and related internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that transactions are authorized, assets are safeguarded and financial records are properly maintained to provide reliable information for the preparation of financial statements.

Council is composed entirely of individuals who are neither management nor employees of the Town. Council is responsible for overseeing management in the performance of its financial reporting responsibilities, and for approving the consolidated financial statements. Council fulfills these responsibilities by reviewing the financial information prepared by management and discussing relevant matters with management and external auditors. Council is also responsible for the appointment of the Town's external auditors.

JAM Accounting Group LLP is appointed by Council to audit the consolidated financial statements and report directly to them; their report follows. The external auditors have full and free access to, and meet periodically and separately with, both Council and management to discuss their audit findings.

Thorsby, Alberta April 22, 2025

Mrs. Donna Tona

Chief Administrative Officer

THORSBY

♥ 4917 Hankin St. Thorsby AB, ToC 2P0



#### ST. ARNAUD PINSENT STEMAN



CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANTS
AN ASSOCIATION TO PRACTISE CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANCY

Daniel J. St. Arnaud, CPA, CA = John H.C. Pinsent, FCPA, FCA, ICD.D = Benardus C. Steman, CPA, CA, CFA = JAM Accounting Group LLP =

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Mayor and Council of the Town of Thorsby

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Town of Thorsby (the "Town"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2024, and the statements of operations and accumulated surplus, changes in net financial debt and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Town of Thorsby at December 31, 2024, and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Town in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Town's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Town's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
  appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
  Town's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Association ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Town to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Matters

Debt Limit Regulation:

In accordance with Alberta Regulation 255/2000, we confirm that the municipality is in compliance with the Debt Limit Regulation. A detailed account of the Entity's debt limit can be found in Note 10.

Supplementary Accounting Principles and Standards Regulation:

In accordance with Alberta Regulation 313/2000, we confirm that the municipality is in compliance with the Supplementary Accounting Principles and Standards Regulation and note the information required can be found in Note 15.

JAM Accounting Group LLP

Edmonton, Alberta April 22, 2025 JAM Accounting Group LLP
Chartered Professional Accountants

#### TOWN OF THORSBY STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2024

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
FINANCIAL ASSETS	\$	\$
Cash and cash equivalents	1 965 116	1 000 011
•	1,865,116	1,980,811
Taxes and grants in place of taxes (Note 2)	276,007	215,088
Trade, grants and other receivables	514,626	393,537
Provincial governments receivables	753,019	622,169
Other local government receivables	122,463	130,490
	3,531,231	3,342,095
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 3)	345,557	279,428
Employee benefit obligation	72,877	42,567
Deferred revenue (Note 4)	1,097,854	1,272,405
Term debt (Note 5)	2,064,176	2,320,604
Asset retirement obligation (Note 9)	3,943,774	3,961,274
Asset retirement congation (Note 2)	7,524,238	7,876,278
NET FINANCIAL DEBT	(3,993,007)	(4 524 192)
NEI FINANCIAL DEDI	(3,993,007)	(4,534,183)
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Prepaid expenses	9,442	18,044
Tangible capital assets (Schedule 2)	19,064,989	19,180,535
- m.g c p m m c ( - c c c c c c.	19,074,431	19,198,579
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS (Schedule 1, Note 12)	15,081,424	14,664,396
,		

**CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS (Note 7 and 14)** 

#### TOWN OF THORSBY STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Budget (Note 18)	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
	\$	\$	\$
REVENUE			
Net municipal taxes (Schedule 3)	1,991,778	1,696,896	1,626,726
Sales and user charges	890,066	923,420	896,486
Government transfers for operating (Schedule 4)	518,955	489,832	598,111
Franchise and concession contracts (Note 8)	304,000	323,696	287,271
Rentals	182,825	144,837	180,918
Interest	30,000	98,677	106,084
Penalties and costs on taxes and utilities	25,000	46,153	40,763
Licenses and permits	17,750	22,271	24,740
Other	10,000	6,821	8,323
Program revenues	28,000	2,186	1,763
Fines	2,500		
	4,000,874	3,754,789	3,771,185
EVDENCEC			
EXPENSES	00.700	77.026	71.504
Legislative	82,700	77,026	71,504
Administration	843,197	538,888	613,290
Bylaws enforcement	51,700	58,013	16,260
Fire and protective services	124,078	112,228	105,783
Roads, streets, walks and lighting	294,444	207,894	196,784
Common	716,250	539,821	519,912
Water supply and distribution	591,899	576,047	680,518
Waste water treatment and disposal	216,428	91,555	72,770
Waste management	74,600	78,807	72,613
Family and community support	51,350	47,940	44,796
Land use planning, zoning and development	40,563	38,635	35,054
Parks and recreation	836,020	714,747	685,463
Culture: libraries, museums and halls	<u>76,885</u>	<u>76,691</u>	<u> 74,477</u>
	4,000,114	3,158,292	3,189,224
SURPLUS BEFORE OTHER ITEMS	760	596,497	581,961
Government transfers for capital (Schedule 4)	_	590,016	109,147
Amortization of tangible capital assets	-	(769,485)	(660,861)
Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets	-		(2,165)
	-	(179,469)	(553,879)
SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR	760	417,028	28,082

#### TOWN OF THORSBY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET FINANCIAL DEBT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	<u>2024</u> \$	<u>2023</u> \$
SURPLUS (DEFICIT) FOR THE YEAR	417,028	28,082
Amortization of tangible assets Asset retirement obligation Acquisition of tangible capital assets Loss on sale of tangible capital assets Reduction of prepaid expenses	769,485 17,500 (671,438) - 8,601 124,148	660,861 (3,961,274) (227,705) 2,165 5,776 (3,520,177)
DECREASE (INCREASE) IN NET FINANCIAL DEBT	541,176	(3,492,095)
NET FINANCIAL DEBT - BEGINNING OF YEAR	(4,534,183)	(1,042,088)
NET FINANCIAL DEBT - END OF YEAR	(3,993,007)	(4,534,183)

### TOWN OF THORSBY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	<u>2024</u> \$	<u>2023</u> \$
CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	-	<u> </u>
Annual surplus for the year	417,028	28,082
Less: Non-cash items included in annual surplus	,	,
Loss on sale of tangible capital assets	-	2,165
Amortization	769,485	660,861
Asset retirement obligation tangible capital assets	17,500	(3,961,274)
S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	1,204,013	(3,270,166)
Changes in working capital excluding cash:	1,201,015	(5,270,100)
Taxes and grants in place of taxes	(60,919)	(24,926)
Trade, grants and other receivable	(121,089)	(71,345)
Provincial governments receivables	(130,850)	63,130
Other local government receivables	8,027	251,038
Prepaid expenses	8,602	5,775
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	96,438	85,097
Deferred revenue	(174,551)	(59,152)
Asset retirement obligation	(174,531)	3,961,274
Australia on gation	(391,842)	4,210,891
	(391,842)	4,210,691
	812,171	940,725
CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of tangible capital assets	(671,438)	(227,705)
CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Repayment of long term debt	(256,428)	(263,280)
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH		
EQUIVALENTS DURING THE YEAR	(115,695)	449,740
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - beginning of year	1,980,811	1,531,071
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - end of year	1,865,116	1,980,811

TOWN OF THORSBY
SCHEDULE 1: CHANGES IN ACCUMULATED SURPLUS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Unrestricted Surplus	Internally Restricted Surplus	Equity in Tangible Capital Assets	2024	2023
BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	\$ 166,991	1,098,748 \$	12,898,657 \$	14,664,396 \$	14,636,314
Surplus of revenues over expenses	417,028	•	1	417,028	28,082
Transfer to reserves - net	10,000	(10,000)	ı	•	
Current year funds used for capital assets	(671,438)	•	671,438	•	
Asset retirement obligation tangible capital assets	17,500	•	(17,500)	•	
Annual amortization expense	769,485	•	(769,485)	1	
Long term debt repaid	(256,428)	•	256,428	•	ı
Asset retirement obligation	(17,500)	•	17,500	8	1
Change in accumulated surplus	268,647	(10,000)	158,381	417,028	28,082
BALANCE, END OF YEAR	935,638	1,088,748	13,057,038	15,081,424	14,664,396

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# TOWN OF THORSBY SCHEDULE 2: TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

*	Land	Buildings	Engineered Structures	Machinery and Equipment	Vehicles	2024	2023
COST							
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 613,196	\$ 8,524,741	\$ 25,433,966	\$ 2,028,805	\$ 136,355	\$ 36,737,063	\$ 32,553,859
Acquisition	1	11,895	226,923	432,620	ı	671,438	4,188,979
Disposal -	1	1	(17,500)	ı	ı	(17,500)	(5,775)
Balance, end of year	613,196	8,536,636	25,643,389	2,461,425	136,355	37,391,001	36,737,063
ACCUMULATED AMORTIZA'	ZATION						
Balance, beginning of year	1	3,429,604	12,687,627	1,323,253	116,044	17,556,528	16,899,277
Amortization expense	1	177,159	465,612	120,173	6,540	769,484	657,251
Balance, end of year	1	3,606,763	13,153,239	1,443,426	122,584	18,326,012	17,556,528
NET BOOK VALUE	613,196	4,929,873	12,490,150	1,017,999	13,771	19,064,989	19,180,535
NET BOOK VALUE, 2023	613,196	5,095,137	12,746,339	705,552	20,311	19,180,535	
11							

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

#### TOWN OF THORSBY SCHEDULE 3: PROPERTY TAXES LEVIED FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Budget \$	<u>2024</u> \$	<u>2023</u> \$
TAXATION	·	•	
Real property taxes	1,886,034	1,885,899	1,824,759
Designated industrial property taxes	93,166	93,166	70,317
Government grants in lieu of property taxes	9,428	9,428	9,327
	1,988,628	1,988,493	1,904,403
REQUISITIONS			
Alberta School Foundation	288,796	288,796	272,552
Leduc Foundation	2,801	2,801	5,125
Designated industrial property	283		
	291,880	<u>291,597</u>	277,677
NET MUNICIPAL PROPERTY TAXES	1,696,748	1,696,896	1,626,726

#### TOWN OF THORSBY SCHEDULE 4: GOVERNMENT TRANSFERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Budget \$	<u>2024</u> \$	<u>2023</u> \$
TRANSFERS FOR OPERATING	<b>J</b>	T)	Þ
Provincial government	88,970	114,737	288,679
Local government	429,985	366,720	309,432
Federal governments	_	8,375	
	518,955	489,832	598,111
TRANSFERS FOR CAPITAL			
Provincial government	-	590,016	109,147
TOTAL GOVERNMENT TRANSFERS	518,955	1,079,848	707,258

TOWN OF THORSBY SCHEDULE 5: SEGMENTED INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	General Govern- ment	Protective Services	Transpor- tation Services	Environ- mental Services	Public Health &	Planning & Develop-	Recreation & Culture	Tofal
REVENUE								
Net municipal property taxes (Schedule 3)	\$1,696,896	· •	· ·	· •	· ~	· ·	ı 69	\$1,696,896
User fees and sale of goods	ı	ı	1	812,017	24,005	•	87,398	923,420
Penalties and costs on taxes	46,153	ı	1	٠,	` 1	1	` 1	46,153
Licenses and permits	11,628	1,450	ı	1	ı	9,193	1	22,271
Franchise and concession contracts (Note 8)	323,696	ı	•	ı	ı	٠,	1	323,696
Interest income	98,677	1	•	1	•	ı	ı	98,677
Rentals	1,000	ı	•	1	ı	ı	143,837	144,837
Government transfers (Schedule 4)	678,985	1	8,375	,	27,401	ı	365,087	1,079,848
Program revenues	2,186	•	•	ı	ı	•	1	2,186
Other	6,821	1	4		1	1	1	6,821
	2,866,042	1,450	8,375	812,017	51,406	9,193	596,322	4,344,805
EXPENSES								
Salaries, wages and benefits (Note 15)	227,455	5,000	408,607	149,692	27,614	ı	318,531	1,136,899
Contracted and general services	318,519	160,041	87,351	392,166	6,955	38,635	204,448	1,208,115
Materials, goods and utilities	95,637	5,200	225,622	162,439	13,370	ı	204,459	706,727
Provision for allowances	(25,696)	•	1	ı	ı	ı	ı	(25,696)
Transfers to local boards and agencies	1	1	•	ı	ı	•	64,000	64,000
Interest on long term debt - capital	1	ı	26,136	42,111	ı			68,247
	615,915	170,241	747,716	746,408	47,939	38,635	791,438	3,158,292
NET REVENUE (LOSS) BEFORE								
AMORTIZATION	2,250,127	(168,791)	(739,341)	62,609	3,467	(29,442)	(195,116)	1,186,513
Amortization of tangible capital assets	49,039	•	193,975	306,214	t	1	220,257	769,485
NET REVENUE (LOSS)	2,201,088	(168,791)	(933,316)	(240,605)	3,467	(29,442)	(415,373)	417,028

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

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#### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Town of Thorsby (the "Town") are the representations of management prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for local governments established by the Public Sector Accounting Board of CPA Canada. Significant aspects of the accounting polices adopted by the town are as follows:

#### a) Reporting Entity

The financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenditures, changes in fund balances and change in financial position of the reporting entity. This entity is comprised of all the organizations that are owned or controlled by the Town and are, therefore, accountable to the Mayor and Council for the administration of their financial affairs and resources

The schedule of taxes levied also includes requisitions for education, health, social and other external organizations that are not part of the municipal reporting entity. The statements exclude trust assets that are administered for the benefit of external parties. Interdepartmental and organizational transactions and balances are eliminated.

#### b) Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting records revenue as it is earned and measurable. Expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable based upon receipt of goods or services and/or the legal obligation to pay.

Funds from external parties and earnings thereon restricted by agreement or legislation are accounted for as deferred revenue until used for the purpose specified.

Government transfers, contributions and other amounts are received from third parties pursuant to legislation, regulation or agreement and may only be used for certain programs, in the completion of specific work, or for the purchase of tangible capital assets. In addition, certain user charges and fees are collected for which the related services have yet to be performed. Revenue is recognized in the period when the related expenses are incurred, services performed or the tangible capital assets are acquired.

#### c) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditure during the period. Where measurement uncertainty exists, the financial statements have been prepared within reasonable limits of materiality. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### d) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include items that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash, are subject to insignificant risk of change in value, and have a maturity of one year or less at acquisition.

#### e) Requisition Over-levy and Under-levy

Over-levies and under-levies arise from the difference between the actual property tax levy made to cover each requisition and the actual amount requisitioned.

#### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### e) Requisition Over-levy and Under-levy (Continued)

If the actual levy exceeds the requisition, the over-levy is accrued as a liability and property tax revenue is reduced. Where the actual levy is less than the requisition amount, the under-levy is accrued as a receivable and as property tax revenue.

Requisition tax rates in the subsequent year are adjusted for any over-levies or under-levies of the prior year.

#### f) Inventories for Resale

Land held for resale is recorded at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost includes costs for land acquisition and improvements required to prepare the land for servicing such as clearing, stripping and leveling charges. Related development costs incurred to provide infrastructure such as water and wastewater services, roads, sidewalks and street lighting are recorded as physical assets under the respective function.

#### g) Tax Revenue

Tax revenues are recognized when the tax has been authorized by bylaw and the taxable event has occurred. Requisitions operate as a flow through and are excluded from municipal revenue.

#### h) Contaminated Sites

Contaminated sites are defined as a result of contamination being introduced in air, soil, water, or sediment of a chemical, organic, or radioactive material or live organism that exceeds an environmental standard. A liability for remediation on contaminated sites is recognized, net of any recoveries, when an environmental standard exists, contamination exceeds the environmental standard, the Town is directly responsible for or accepts responsibility for the liability, future economic benefits will be given up, and a reasonable estimate of the liability can be made.

#### i) Government Transfers

Government transfers are the transfer of assets from senior levels of government that are not the result of an exchange transaction, are not expected to be repaid in the future, or the result of a direct financial return. Government transfers are recognized in the financial statements as revenue in the period in which events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met, and reasonable estimates of the amounts can be determined.

#### j) Asset Retirement Obligations

A liability for an asset retirement obligation is recognized at the best estimate of the amount required to retire a tangible capital asset at the financial statement date when there is a legal obligation for the Town to incur retirement costs, the past transaction or event giving rise to the liability has occurred, it is expected that future economic benefits will be given up, and a reasonable estimate of the amount can be made. The best estimate of the liability includes all costs directly attributable to asset retirement activities, based on information available at year-end. The best estimate of an asset retirement obligation incorporates a present value technique, when the cash flows required to settle or otherwise extinguish an asset retirement obligation are expected to occur over extended future periods.

When a liability for an asset retirement obligation is initially recognized, a corresponding asset retirement cost is capitalized to the carrying amount of the related tangible capital asset. The asset retirement cost is amortized over the useful life of the related asset. Asset retirement obligations which are incurred incrementally with use of the asset are recognized in the period incurred with a corresponding asset retirement cost expensed in the period.

#### j) Asset retirement obligations (Continued)

At each financial reporting date, the Town reviews the carrying amount of the liability. The Town recognizes period-to-period changes to the liability due to the passage of time as accretion expense. Changes to the liability arising from revisions to either the timing, the amount of the original estimate of undiscounted cash flows or the discount rate are recognized as an increase or decrease to the carrying amount of the related tangible capital asset. The town continues to recognize the liability until it is settled or otherwise extinguished. Disbursements made to settle the liability are deducted from the reported liability when they are made.

#### k) Non-Financial Assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the normal course of operations. The change in non-financial assets during the year, together with the excess of revenues over expenses, provides the Change in Net Financial Assets (Debts) for the year.

#### i. Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost, which includes all amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. The cost, less residual value, of the tangible capital assets is amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life as follows:

Buildings	10, 20, & 50 years
Engineered Structures - Roadways	10, 20, & 25 years
Engineered Structures - water system and wastewater system	40, 60, & 100 years
Engineered structures - wastewater system	40, 60, & 100 years
Machinery and Equipment	5, 10, 15, & 20 years
Vehicles	10-20 years

One-half of the annual amortization is charged in the year of acquisition and in the year of disposal. Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available for productive use.

#### ii. Contributions of Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets received as contributions are recorded at fair value at the date of receipt and also are recorded as revenue.

#### iii. Leases

Leases are classified as capital or operating leases. Leases which transfer substantially all the benefits and risks incidental to ownership of property are accounted for as capital leases. All other leases are accounted for as operating leases and the related lease payments are charged to expenses as incurred.

#### iv. Inventories

Inventories held for consumption are recorded at the lower of cost and replacement cost.

#### v. Cultural and Historical Tangible Capital Assets

Works of art for display are not recorded as tangible capital assets but are disclosed.

#### 2. TAXES AND GRANTS IN PLACE OF TAXES RECEIVABLES

	<u>2024</u> \$	<u>2023</u> \$
Current taxes and grants in place of taxes Arrears taxes	176,303 99,704 276,007	99,369 115,719 215,088
3. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities consists of the following:	<u>2024</u> \$	2023 \$
Trades payable Accrued debenture interest Accrued liabilities	206,645 12,495 126,417 345,557	196,187 14,363 68,878 279,428
4. DEFERRED REVENUE		
Deferred revenue consists of the following:	2024 \$	2023 \$
Municipal Sustainable Initiative - capital Local Government Fiscal Framework (LGFF) grant Canada Community Building Fund Business licenses Alberta Wellness Fair Grant Alberta Municipal Water/Wastewater Partnership	506,127 325,786 265,691 250 - - - 1,097,854	885,073 - 370,426 4,100 3,062 9,744 1,272,405

#### 5. TERM DEBT

 Z024
 2023

 \$
 \$

 Tax-supported debentures
 2,064,176
 2,320,604

Principal and interest payments are due as follows:

	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Total
	\$	\$	\$
2025	252,329	62,107	314,436
2026	213,123	54,003	267,126
To maturity	1,598,724	324,048	1,922,772
	2,064,176	440,158	2,504,334

Debenture debt is repayable to Alberta Capital Financing Authority and bears interest at rates ranging from 1.86% to 3.97% per annum. Maturity occurs in periods from 2020 through 2039. Debenture debt is issued on the credit and security of the Town of Thorsby.

Total cash payments for interest on long-term debt in 2024 amounted to \$68,247 (2023 – \$76,402).

#### 6. CREDIT FACILITY

The Town has access to a revolving line of credit with a limit of \$1,000,000, bearing interest at prime rate minus 0.25%. At December 31, 2024 and 2023 the revolving line of credit was not drawn upon.

#### 7. CONTINGENCIES

The Town is a member of the Alberta Municipal Insurance Exchange (MUNIX). Under the terms of membership, the Town could become liable for its proportionate share of any claim losses in excess of the funds held by the exchange. Any liability incurred would be accounted for as a current transaction in the year the losses are determined.

In the ordinary course of business, the Town is involved in lawsuits, claims, investigations, and proceedings. Although the outcome of any legal proceedings cannot be predicted with certainty, management is of the opinion that, apart from those cases where a provision has already been recognized, there are no such matters pending which would be likely to have any material adverse effect in relation to its business, financial position, or results of operations. There are no provisions recognized in the current year.

#### 8. FRANCHISE AND CONCESSION CONTRACTS

Disclosure of franchise fees under each utility franchise agreement entered into by the Town as required by Alberta Regulation 313/2000 is as follows:

	<u>Budget</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
	\$	\$	\$
Fortis Alberta	189,000	194,829	185,118
ATCO Gas	115,000	128,867	102,153
	304,000	323,696	287,271

#### 9. ASSET RETIREMENT OBLIGATION

#### Hazardous building material abatement

The Town owns buildings which contain hazardous building materials (HBMs) and, therefore, the Town is legally required to perform abatement activities upon renovation or demolition of these buildings. Abatement activities include handling and disposing of the HBMs in a prescribed manner when it is disturbed. The estimated total liability for the abatement activities for these buildings is \$3,196,324 (2023 - \$3,196,324).

#### Sewer system

The Town's sewer system is comprised of a dual-cell sewage lagoon and sewage lift station. The Town is legally required to decommission and remediate these sites. The estimated total liability for the decommissioning, remediation and reclamation of the lagoon and lift station is \$424,877 (2023 - \$424,877).

#### Water system

The Town's water system is comprised of one water treatment plant. The Town is legally required to decommission and remediate this site. The estimated total liability for the decommissioning, remediation and reclamation of the water treatment plant is \$322,573 (2023 - \$340,073). In fiscal 2024, the Town decommissioned one of their water treatment plants.

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
	\$	\$
Total asset retirement obligation		
Beginning balance	3,961,274	-
Liabilities incurred	-	3,961,274
Liabilities settled	(17,500)	-
Accretion expense		
Estimated total liability	3,943,774	3,961,274

#### 10. DEBT LIMITS

Section 276(2) of the Municipal Government Act requires that debt and debt limits as defined by Alberta Regulation 255/00 for the Town of Thorsby be disclosed as follows:

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
	\$	\$
Total debt limit	5,632,184	5,656,778
Total debt	(2,064,176)	(2,320,604)
Amount of debt limit unused	3,568,008	3,336,174
Debt servicing limit	938,697	942,796
Debt servicing	(314,436)	(326,232)
Amount of debt servicing limit unused	624,261	616,564

The debt limit is calculated at 1.5 times revenue of the Town (as defined in Alberta Regulation 255/00 and the debt service limit is calculated at 0.25 times such revenue. Incurring debt beyond these limits requires approval by the Minister of Municipal Affairs.

These thresholds are guidelines used by Alberta Municipal Affairs to identify municipalities which could be a financial risk if further debt is acquired.

The calculation taken alone does not represent the stability of the Town. Rather, the financial statements must be interpreted as a whole.

#### 11. EQUITY IN TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
	\$	\$
Tangible capital assets (Schedule 2)	37,391,001	36,737,063
Accumulated amortization (Schedule 2)	(18,326,013)	(17,556,528)
Asset retirement obligation	(3,943,774)	(3,961,274)
Long term debt (Note 5)	(2,064,176)	(2,320,604)
	13,057,038	12,898,657

2024

2022

#### 12. ACCUMULATED SURPLUS

Accumulated surplus consists of restricted and unrestricted amounts and equity in tangible capital assets.

	2024	<u>2023</u>
	\$	\$
Unrestricted surplus	935,638	666,991
Restricted surplus		
Capital reserves		
Infrastructure power	167,181	167,181
Recreation	145,929	145,929
Roads and sidewalk replacement	163,958	163,958
Water	163,522	183,522
Public parks	44,860	44,860
Sewer	110,239	100,239
Equipment	90,157	90,157
Youth Inclusivity and Innovation	35,000	35,000
General administration	21,900	21,900
Thorsby Network Trails	5,000	5,000
Hall	4,000	4,000
Library	2,212	2,212
	953,958	963,958
Operating reserves		
Administration contingency	38,741	38,741
Public works contingency	32,353	32,353
Water contingency	31,563	31,563
Snow removal	28,133	28,133
Arena concession	4,000	4,000
	134,790	134,790
Equity in tangible capital assets	13,057,038	12,898,657
	15,081,424	14,664,396

#### 13. SEGMENTED DISCLOSURE

The Town of Thorsby provides a range of services to its ratepayers. For each reported segment (Schedule 5), revenues and expenses represent both amounts that are directly attributable to the segment and amounts that are allocated on a reasonable basis. The accounting policies used in these segments are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the financial statements overall, and as disclosed in Note 1.

#### 14. CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

The Town entered into an agreement with DMJ Environmental Consulting Ltd. for consulting services regarding the operation of the Town's water treatment plant, water distribution, wastewater treatment and wastewater collection systems which ended on October 15, 2023. On November 28, 2023, the Town entered into a new agreement with DMJ Environment Consulting Ltd. which will expire on December 31, 2024.

#### 15. SALARY AND BENEFITS DISCLOSURE

Disclosure of salaries and benefits for municipal officials, the chief administrative officer and designated officers are required by Alberta Regulation 313/2000, and are as follows:

		2024		2023
	Benefits and			
	Salary	allowances	Total	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
D. Hostyn	15,413	-	15,413	15,286
C. Gilbert	13,949	639	14,588	11,844
S. Rasch	12,124	522	12,646	13,823
T. Musson	12,349	536	12,885	13,021
J. Miller	10,299	449	10,747	13,720
CAO	85,800	-	85,800	84,000
CFO	85,800	-	85,800	84,000

<sup>(1)</sup> Salary includes regular base pay, bonuses, overtime lump sum payments, gross honoraria and any other direct cash remuneration.

#### 16. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Town's financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, receivables, accounts payable and accrued liabilities and long-term debt. It is management's opinion that the Town is not exposed to significant interest or currency risk arising from these financial instruments. Unless otherwise noted, the fair values of these financial instruments approximate their carrying values.

The Town is exposed to credit risk with respect to receivables. Credit risk arises from the possibility that customers may experience financial difficulty and be unable to fulfill their obligations. The large number and diversity of customers minimizes the Town's credit risk.

The Town is not exposed to interest rate risk on its long-term debt as the interest rate on the debentures is fixed for the term of the debentures.

<sup>(2)</sup> Benefits and allowances include the employer's share of the employee benefits and contributions made on behalf of employees including pension, health care, dental coverage, vision coverage, group life insurance, accidental disability and dismemberment insurance, long and short-term disability plans, professional memberships and tuition.

#### 17. LOCAL AUTHORITIES PENSION PLAN

Employees of the Town participate in the Local Authorities Pension Plan (LAPP), which is covered by the Public Sector Pension Plans Act. The LAPP serves approximately 260,000 people and 425 employers. The LAPP is financed by employer and employee contributions and by investment earnings of the LAPP fund.

Contributions for current service and past service pension benefits are recorded as expenses in the year in which they become due.

The Town is required to make current service contributions to the LAPP of 8.45% of pensionable earnings up to the year's maximum pensionable earnings under the Canada Pension Plan and 12.80% on pensionable earnings above this amount. Employees of the Town are required to make current service contributions of 7.45% of pensionable earnings up to the year's maximum pensionable earnings and 11.80% on pensionable earnings above this amount.

The current service contributions by the Town of Thorsby to the LAPP in 2024 were \$49,145 (2023 - \$35,880).

Total current service contributions by the employees of the Town to the LAPP in 2024 were \$43,727 (2023 - \$31,795).

#### **18. BUDGET FIGURES**

The budget data presented in these financial statements is based on the interim operating and capital budgets presented to Town Council on May 28, 2024 and the property tax by-law approved by Town Council on May 28, 2024.

#### 19. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These financial statements were approved by Council and Management on April 22, 2025.